

North Carolina Statewide Weekly Heat-related Illness Surveillance Report June 30-July 6, 2024

Males

Females



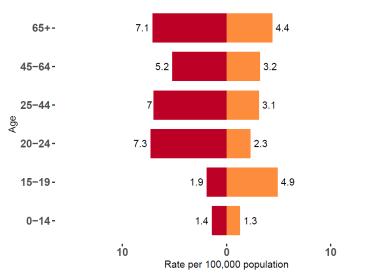
Statewide Key Messages

The average weekly rate of heat-related illness (HRI) emergency department (ED) visits this season to date is 1.8 per 100,000 population.

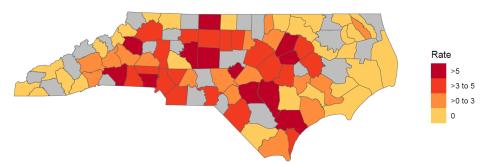
This week (June 30-July 6, 2024):

- There were **433* HRI ED visits** (0.45% of total ED visits), with a **rate of 3.7 per 100,000 population.**
- The rate was highest among males aged 20-24 years (7.3 per 100,000 population). (Figure 1)
- The rate of HRI ED visits was highest in the Fayetteville
 Area) (4.7 per 100,000 population). (Figure 2; NC DETECT Region 3)
- The most frequent heat related diagnosis code was heat exhaustion (n =142). (Table 1)
- The maximum heat index ranged from 82.9 to 117.8°F at Raleigh-Durham International Airport. (Figure 3)
- There were **4** days when the minimum temperature did not drop below 70°F.

Figure 1. Rate of Heat-Related Illness Emergency Department Visits by Sex and Age







Rates based on counts between 1-4 are suppressed for counties with less than 500 total ED visits, as shown in gray.

Table 1. Heat-related illness ED visits by Severity

Table 11 fleat felated liftless LB visits by Severity			
Severity§	Number (N =268 [‡])	Percent [†]	
Heat Cramps	7	2.6	
Heat Exhaustion	142	53	
Heat Stroke	7	2.6	
Heat Syncope	41	15.3	
Other Effects	71	26.5	

§ Definitions of heat-related illness severity categories:

https://www.cdc.gov/niosh/topics/heatstress/heatrelillness.html

- **‡** Missing severity data = 165
- † May not total 100 due to rounding

 $\|$ other effects include heat fatigue, heat edema, other effects of heat and light, and other effects unspecified

*The 433 total HRI ED visits includes 46 visits that were missing county of residence and are excluded from the regional reports.

North Carolina Statewide Weekly Heat-related Illness Surveillance Report June 30-July 6, 2024



Figure 3. Count of Emergency Department Visits for Heat-related Illness and Max Heat Index

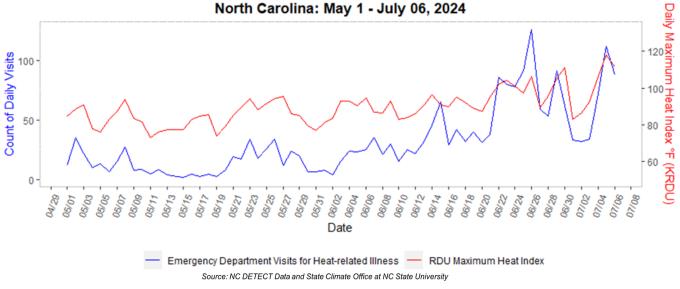
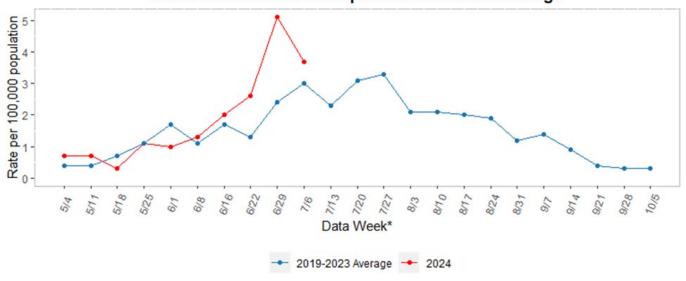


Figure 4. Rate of Emergency Department Visits for Heat Related Illness North Carolina: 2024 Compared to Historical Average





North Carolina Weekly Heat-related Illness Surveillance Report: Northeastern NC (NC DETECT Region 1) June 30-July 6, 2024



Northeastern NC (NC DETECT Region 1) Key Messages

The average weekly rate of heat-related illness emergency department visits **this season to date is 2.5 per 100,000 population.**

This week (June 30-July 6, 2024):

- There were **34** HRI ED visits (0.4% of total ED visits), with a rate of **3.6 per 100,000 population.**
- The rate was highest among males aged 65+ years (7.4 HRI ED visits per 100,000 population). (Figure 1)
- The rate of HRI ED visits was highest in Nash County (7.4 per 100,000 population). (Figure 2)
- The most frequent heat related diagnosis code was heat exhaustion (n =5). (Table 1)
- The maximum heat index ranged from 85.4 to 109.7°F at Pitt-Greenville Airport. (Figure 3)
- There were 3 days when the minimum temperature did not drop below 70°F.

Figure 1. Rate of Heat-Related Illness Emergency Department Visits by Sex and Age Northeastern NC (NC DETECT Region 1)

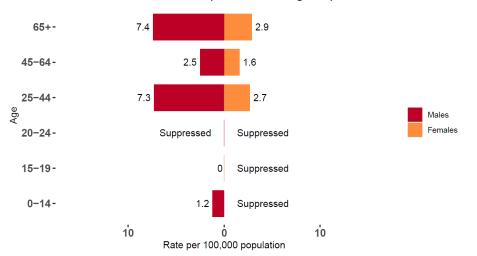
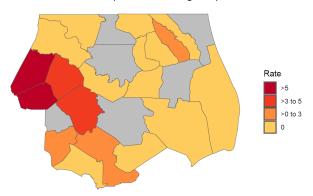
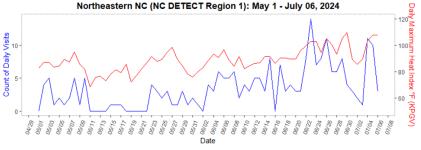


Figure 2. Rate of Heat-Related Illness Emergency Department Visits per 100,000 Population Northeastern NC (NC DETECT Region 1)



Rates based on counts between 1-4 are suppressed for counties with less than 500 total ED visits, as shown in gray

Figure 3. Count of Emergency Department Visits for Heat-related Illness and Maximum Heat Index



Emergency Department Visits for Heat-related Illness
 KPGV Daily Maximum Heat Index
 Source: NC DETECT Data and State Climate Office at NC State University

Table 1. Heat-related illness ED visits by Severity

Severity [§]	Number (N = 12 [‡])	Percent [†]
Heat Exhaustion	5	41.7
Heat Stroke	1	8.3
Heat Syncope	2	16.7
Other Effects	4	33.3

§ Definitions of heat-related illness severity categories:

https://www.cdc.gov/niosh/topics/heatstress/heatrelillness.html

- **‡** Missing severity data = 22
- † May not total 100 due to rounding

North Carolina Weekly Heat-related Illness Surveillance Report: Southeastern NC (NC DETECT Region 2) June 30-July 6, 2024

NC DETECT 3

Southeastern NC (NC DETECT Region 2) Key Messages

The average weekly rate of heat-related illness emergency department visits this season to date is 2.1 per 100,000 population.

This week (June 30-July 6, 2024):

- There were **20** HRI ED visits (0.3% of total ED visits), with a rate of **2.5 per 100,000 population.**
- The rate was highest among males aged 65+ years (8.5 HRI ED visits per 100,000 population). (Figure 1)
- The rate of HRI ED visits was highest in Pender County (6.5 per 100,000 population). (Figure 2)
- The most frequent heat related diagnosis code was heat exhaustion (n =8). (Table 1)
- The maximum heat index ranged from 86.3 to 108.2°F at Wilmington International Airport. (Figure 3)
- There were 6 days when the minimum temperature did not drop below 70°F.

Figure 1. Rate of Heat-Related Illness Emergency Department Visits by Sex and Age Southeastern NC (NC DETECT Region 2)

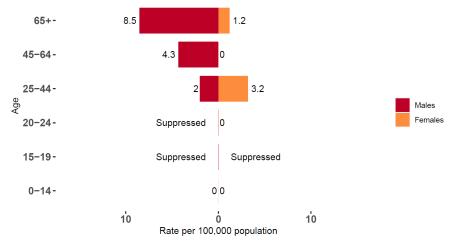
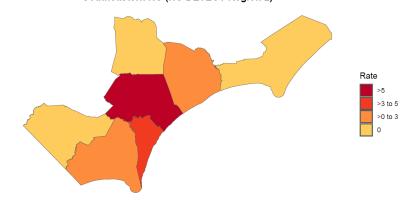
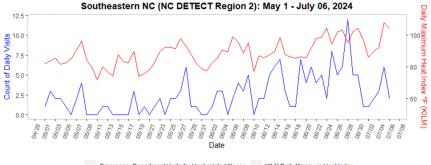


Figure 2. Rate of Heat-Related Illness Emergency Department Visits per 100,000 Population Southeastern NC (NC DETECT Region 2)



Rates based on counts between 1-4 are suppressed for counties with less than 500 total ED visits, as shown in gray

Figure 3. Count of Emergency Department Visits for Heat-related Illness and Maximum Heat Index



Emergency Department Visits for Heat-related Illness KILM Daily Maximum Heat Index Source: NC DETECT Data and State Climate Office at NC State University

Table 1. Heat-related illness ED visits by Severity

Tuble 1: Heat related lilliess Eb visits by Severity			
Severity [§]	Number (N = 14 [‡])	Percent [†]	
Heat Exhaustion	8	57.1	
Heat Syncope	5	35.7	
Other Effects	1	7.1	

§ Definitions of heat-related illness severity categories:

https://www.cdc.gov/niosh/topics/heatstress/heatrelillness.html

- **‡** Missing severity data = 6
- † May not total 100 due to rounding



North Carolina Weekly Heat-related Illness Surveillance Report: Fayetteville Area (NC DETECT Region 3) June 30-July 6, 2024



Fayetteville Area (NC DETECT Region 3) Key Messages

The average weekly rate of heat-related illness emergency department visits this season to date is 2.7 per 100,000 population.

This week (June 30-July 6, 2024):

- There were 62 HRI ED visits (0.5% of total ED visits), with a rate of
 4.7 per 100,000 population.
- The rate was highest among males aged 20-24 years (13.7 HRI ED visits per 100,000 population). (Figure 1)
- The rate of HRI ED visits was highest in Sampson County (11.8 per 100,000 population). (Figure 2)
- The most frequent heat related diagnosis code was heat exhaustion (n =23). (Table 1)
- The maximum heat index ranged from 83.5 to 111.4°F at Fayetteville Regional Airport. (Figure 3)
- There were **4** days when the minimum temperature did not drop below 70°F.

Figure 1. Rate of Heat-Related Illness Emergency Department Visits by Sex and Age Fayetteville Area (NC DETECT Region 3)

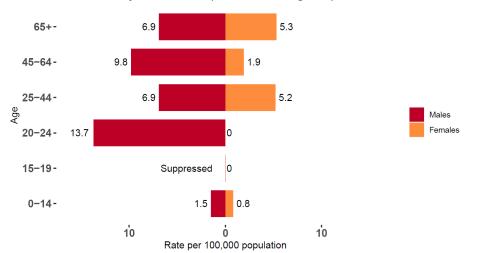
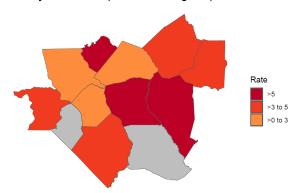
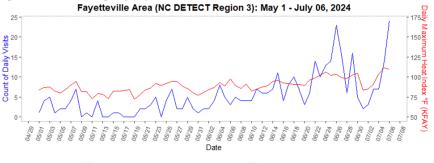


Figure 2. Rate of Heat-Related Illness Emergency Department Visits per 100,000 Population Fayetteville Area (NC DETECT Region 3)



Rates based on counts between 1-4 are suppressed for counties with less than 500 total ED visits, as shown in gray.

Figure 3. Count of Emergency Department Visits for Heat-related Illness and Maximum Heat Index



Emergency Department Visits for Heat-related Illness KFAY Daily Maximum Heat Index Source: NC DETECT Data and State Climate Office at NC State University

Table 1. Heat-related illness ED visits by Severity

Severity [§]	Number (N = 38 [‡])	Percent [†]
Heat Exhaustion	23	60.5
Heat Stroke	3	7.9
Heat Syncope	5	13.2
Other Effects	7	18.4

§ Definitions of heat-related illness severity categories:

https://www.cdc.gov/niosh/topics/heatstress/heatrelillness.html

‡ Missing severity data =24

† May not total 100 due to rounding

North Carolina Weekly Heat-related Illness Surveillance Report: RTP Area (NC DETECT Region 4)

June 30-July 6, 2024



RTP Area (NC DETECT Region 4) Key Messages

The average weekly rate of heat-related illness emergency department visits this season to date is 1.3 per 100,000 population.

This week (June 30-July 6, 2024):

- There were 69 HRI ED visits (0.5% of total ED visits), with a rate of 3.3 per 100,000 population.
- The rate was highest among males aged 65+ years (6.2 HRI ED visits per 100,000 population). (Figure 1)
- The rate of HRI ED visits was highest in Orange County (4.8 per **100,000 population).** (Figure 2)
- The most frequent heat related diagnosis code was heat exhaustion (n =26). (Table 1)
- The maximum heat index ranged from 82.9 to 117.8°F at Raleigh-Durham International Airport. (Figure 3)
- There were 4 days when the minimum temperature did not drop below 70°F.

Figure 1. Rate of Heat-Related Illness Emergency Department Visits by Sex and Age RTP Area (NC DETECT Region 4)

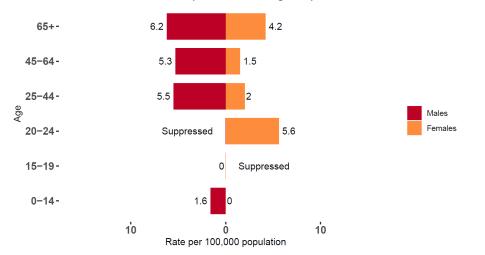
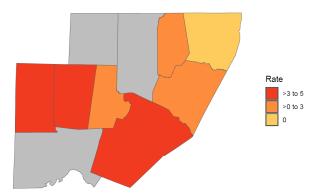
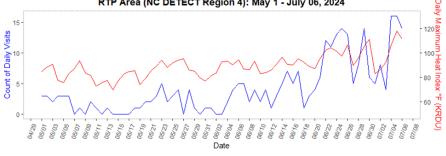


Figure 2. Rate of Heat-Related Illness Emergency Department Visits per 100,000 Population RTP Area (NC DETECT Region 4)



Rates based on counts between 1-4 are suppressed for counties with less than 500 total ED visits, as shown in gray

Figure 3. Count of Emergency Department Visits for Heat-related Illness and Maximum Heat Index RTP Area (NC DETECT Region 4): May 1 - July 06, 2024



 Emergency Department Visits for Heat-related Illness
 KRDU Daily Maximum Heat Index Source: NC DETECT Data and State Climate Office at NC State University

Table 1. Heat-related illness ED visits by Severity

Table 2. Heat related initess 25 Holls by Severity		
Severity [§]	Number (N = 52 [‡])	Percent [†]
Heat Cramps	5	9.6
Heat Exhaustion	26	50
Heat Syncope	11	21.2
Other Effects	10	19.2

§ Definitions of heat-related illness severity categories:

https://www.cdc.gov/niosh/topics/heatstress/heatrelillness.html

- **‡** Missing severity data = 17
- † May not total 100 due to rounding



North Carolina Weekly Heat-Illness Surveillance Report: Triad Area (NC DETECT Region 5) June 30-July 6, 2024



Triad Area (NC DETECT Region 5) Key Messages

The average weekly rate of heat-related illness emergency department visits this season to date is 2 per 100,000 population.

This week (June 30-July 6, 2024):

- There were 76 HRI ED visits (0.5% of total ED visits), with a rate of
 4.4 per 100,000 population.
- The rate was highest among males aged 25-44 years (7.9 HRI ED visits per 100,000 population). (Figure 1)
- The rate of HRI ED visits was highest in Davidson County (10.6 per 100,000 population). (Figure 2)
- The most frequent heat related diagnosis code was heat exhaustion (n =25). (Table 1)
- The maximum heat index ranged from 83.3 to 104.1°F at Smith Reynolds Airport. (Figure 3)
- There were **4** days when the minimum temperature did not drop below 70°F.

Figure 1. Rate of Heat-Related Illness Emergency Department Visits by Sex and Age Triad Area (NC DETECT Region 5)

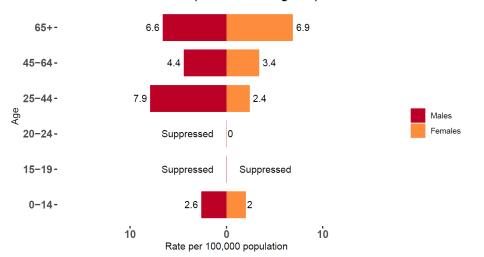
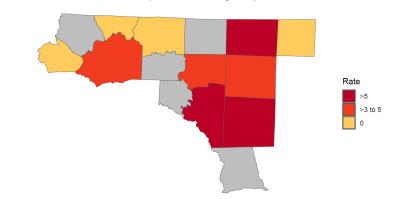
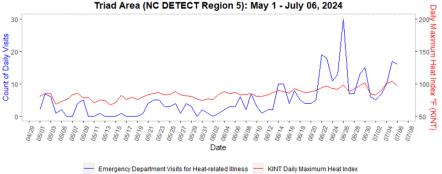


Figure 2. Rate of Heat-Related Illness Emergency Department Visits per 100,000 Population
Triad Area (NC DETECT Region 5)



Rates based on counts between 1-4 are suppressed for counties with less than 500 total ED visits, as shown in gray

Figure 3. Count of Emergency Department Visits for Heat-related Illness and Maximum Heat Index



Source: NC DETECT Data and State Climate Office at NC State University

Table 1. Heat-related illness ED visits by Severity

Table 1. Heat-related lilless LD visits by Severity			
Severity§	Number (N = 44 [‡])	Percent [†]	
Heat Exhaustion	25	56.8	
Heat Syncope	5	11.4	
Other Effects	14	31.8	

§ Definitions of heat-related illness severity categories:

https://www.cdc.gov/niosh/topics/heatstress/heatrelillness.html

- **‡** Missing severity data = 32
- † May not total 100 due to rounding





Western NC (NC DETECT Region 6) Key Messages

The average weekly rate of heat-related illness emergency department visits this season to date is 1.1 per 100,000 population.

This week (June 30-July 6, 2024):

- There were **28** HRI ED visits (0.3% of total ED visits), with a rate of **2.8 per 100,000 population.**
- The rate was highest among males aged 25-44 years (6.9 HRI ED visits per 100,000 population). (Figure 1)
- The rate of HRI ED visits was highest in Rutherford County (9.3 per 100,000 population). (Figure 2)
- The most frequent heat related diagnosis code was heat exhaustion (n =15). (Table 1)
- The maximum heat index ranged from 80 to 96.4°F at Asheville Regional Airport. (Figure 3)
- There were 3 days when the minimum temperature did not drop below 70°F.

Figure 1. Rate of Heat-Related Illness Emergency Department Visits by Sex and Age
Western NC (NC DETECT Region 6)

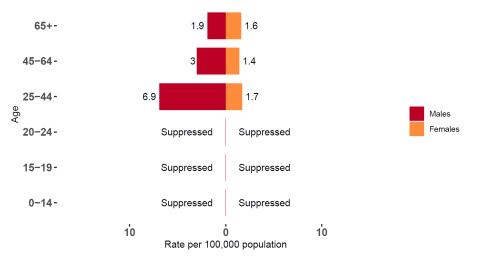
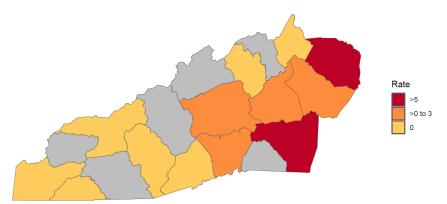


Figure 2. Rate of Heat-Related Illness Emergency Department Visits per 100,000 Population Western NC (NC DETECT Region 6)



Rates based on counts between 1-4 are suppressed for counties with less than 500 total ED visits, as shown in gray.

Figure 3. Count of Emergency Department Visits for Heat-related Illness and Maximum Heat Index

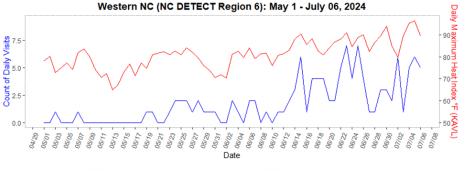


Table 1. Heat-related illness FD visits by Severity

Tuble 1: Heat related lilless ED visits by Severity				
Severity [§]	Number (N = 19 [‡])	Percent [†]	_	
Heat Exhaustion	15	78.9	_	
Heat Stroke	2	10.5		
Heat Syncope	1	5.3		
Other Effects	1	5.3		

§ Definitions of heat-related illness severity categories:

https://www.cdc.gov/niosh/topics/heatstress/heatrelillness.html

- **‡** Missing severity data = 9
- † May not total 100 due to rounding



North Carolina Weekly Heat-related Illness Surveillance Report: Charlotte Area (NC DETECT Region 7) June 30-July 6, 2024



Charlotte Area (NC DETECT Region 7) Key Messages

The average weekly rate of heat-related illness emergency department visits this season to date is 1.7 per 100,000 population.

This week (June 30-July 6, 2024):

- There were 98 HRI ED visits (0.4% of total ED visits), with a rate of
 3.7 per 100,000 population.
- The rate was highest among males aged 65+ years (8 HRI ED visits per 100,000 population). (Figure 1)
- The rate of HRI ED visits was highest in Gaston County (7 per 100,000 population). (Figure 2)
- The most frequent heat related diagnosis code was heat exhaustion (n =29). (Table 1)
- The maximum heat index ranged from 84.2 to 106.3°F at Charlotte/Douglas International Airport. (Figure 3)
- There were 6 days when the minimum temperature did not drop below 70°F.

Figure 1. Rate of Heat-Related Illness Emergency Department Visits by Sex and Age Charlotte Area (NC DETECT Region 7)

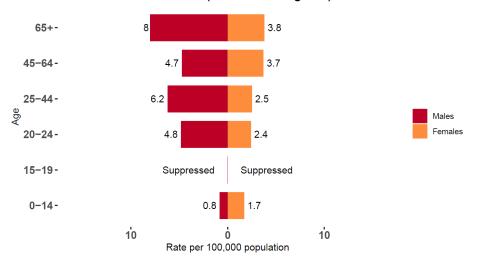
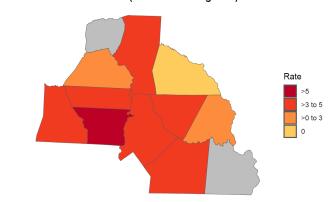
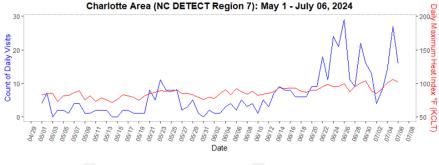


Figure 2. Rate of Heat-Related Illness Emergency Department Visits per 100,000 Population Charlotte Area (NC DETECT Region 7)



Rates based on counts between 1–4 are suppressed for counties with less than 500 total ED visits, as shown in gray.

Figure 3. Count of Emergency Department Visits for Heat-related Illness and Maximum Heat Index



Emergency Department Visits for Heat-related Illness
 KCLT Daily Maximum Heat Index
 Source: NC DETECT Data and State Climate Office at NC State University

Table 1. Heat-related illness ED visits by Severity

Severity§	Number (N = 61 [‡])	Percent [†]	
Heat Cramps	2	3.3	
Heat Exhaustion	29	47.5	
Heat Stroke	1	1.6	
Heat Syncope	7	11.5	
Other Effects	22	36.1	

- § Definitions of heat-related illness severity categories:
- https://www.cdc.gov/niosh/topics/heatstress/heatrelillness.html
- **‡** Missing severity data = 37
- † May not total 100 due to rounding
- || other effects include heat fatigue, heat edema, other effects of heat and light, and other effects unspecified





About the data

The heat-related illness data in the report is from NC DETECT. NC DETECT is a statewide public health syndromic surveillance system, funded by the NC Division of Public Health (NC DPH) Federal Public Health Emergency Preparedness Grant and managed through collaboration between NC DPH and the UNC-CH Department of Emergency Medicine's Carolina Center for Health Informatics. The NC DETECT Data Oversight Committee is not responsible for the scientific validity or accuracy of methodology, results, statistical analyses, or conclusions presented.

Climate data

The maximum heat index and minimum temperature data in this report are from the North Carolina State Climate Office. One weather station from each NC DETECT region was selected to represent the climate data for each region. The weather station locations and their corresponding regions are as follows:

The data in this report is summarized by NC DETECT Region.



Pitt-Greenville Airport (PGV) – Northeastern (NC DETECT Region 1), Wilmington International Airport (ILM) – Southeastern (NC DETECT Region 2), Fayetteville Regional Airport (FAY) – Fayetteville Area (NC DETECT Region 3), Raleigh-Durham International Airport (RDU) – RTP Area (NC DETECT Region 4), Smith Reynolds Airport (INT) – Triad Area (NC DETECT Region 5), Asheville Regional Airport (AVL) – Western Area (NC DETECT Region 6), Charlotte/Douglas International Airport (CLT) – Charlotte Area (NC DETECT Region 7)

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